



# Grant Funding Sources

*Your guide to grant funding sources for the Kurzweil 3000.*

## Introduction

There are a variety of grant funding sources to purchase the Kurzweil 3000 educational technology. Sources of grants include federal, state, and local programs, as well as private and corporate foundations.

## Federal Grant Opportunities

The Federal government is a primary source of funding for schools to purchase assistive technology. Typically, Federal grants are awarded to the state educational agencies through either a formula or competitive grant process. Then in turn the state educational agencies make the funds available to the schools through a subgrant process.

Federal programs for funding of educational technology include the No Child Left Behind Act NCLBA, which provides \$22 billion in funding to the states with an estimated \$3 billion for technology. The main top NCLBA programs for educational technology funding include the Title 1, Educational Technology, and Assistive Technology programs. The other major Federal program is the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act IDEA providing states with over \$8 billion in special education funding.

### US Department of Education

<http://www.ed.gov/>

Information about all US Department of Education (ED) grant programs is located under the 'Funding Opportunities' section on the Department's Web site. Consult the **Guide to ED Programs** on the Department's Web site or to call 1-800-USA-LEARN for information about current ED discretionary grant programs.

### No Child Left Behind Act (NCLBA)

<http://www.nclb.gov/>

NCLBA provides over \$22 billion in funding to the states through approximately 50 programs grouped in 9 titles. Programs in Title I and Title II provide the most funding for educational technology.

## **Title I Improving the Academic Achievement of the Disadvantaged**

<http://www.ed.gov/offices/OESE/CEP>

Title I grants reach 12.5 million children with funding of over \$13.5 billion. Title I goes to local educational agencies (LEAs) to supplement State and local education funding in high-poverty schools. The focus of Title I grants is to provide disadvantaged children with extra support and so that they can master their curricula meet state standards in reading and math. Title I funds must be used for activities that scientifically-based research suggests will be effective. Title I funds may support computers and software to accelerate academic progress.

## **Title II, Part D Educational Technology State Grants**

<http://www.ed.gov/technology>

This educational technology program provides \$700 million to the states and the funds can be used for a variety of educational and assistive technology purposes. The grants require that 25% of the funds be spent on professional development, unless a professional development program has already been implemented.

## **IDEA Grants**

<http://www.ed.gov/offices/OSERS/OSEP/Funding/>

The Individuals with Disabilities Educational Act (IDEA) distributes \$7.3 billion through the Office of Special Education Programs (OSERS) in formula grants to the states to help pay for special education for children ages 3 through 21.

## **State Grant Opportunities**

Each state has a variety of grant opportunities available to schools and school districts through both allocated and competitive grants. Visit your state's Department of Education (DOE) for information on specific state grant and federal subgrant availability. Your State DOE will maintain a list of grants that are available along with a Request for Proposal (RFP) that must be completed. Completing a proposal to obtain a grant from your DOE is usually a fairly easy, as the RFP will guide you through the submission process. Check the grants page on your DOE web site fairly frequently for the availability of new grants or ask to be put on a grant notification list. Many of the states DOE Web sites have links to additional grant writing resources.

When completing a proposal in response to an RFP make sure that you follow the requirements exactly. Pay particular attention to deadlines, number of requested copies, and required signatures.

### **States**

Alabama Department of Education

<http://www.alsde.edu/html/>

Alaska Department of Education

<http://www.eed.state.ak.us/>

Arizona Department of Education

<http://www.ade.state.az.us/>

Arkansas Department of Education

<http://arkedu.state.ar.us/>

California Department of Education

<http://www.cde.ca.gov/>

Colorado Department of Education  
<http://www.cde.state.co.us/>

Connecticut Department of Education  
<http://www.state.ct.us/sde/>

Delaware Department of Education  
<http://www.doe.state.de.us/>

Florida Department of Education  
<http://www.firn.edu/doe/index.html>

Georgia Department of Education  
<http://www.doe.k12.ga.us/index.asp>

Hawaii Department of Education  
<http://www.k12.hi.us/>

Idaho Department of Education  
<http://www.sde.state.id.us/Dept/>

Illinois Department of Education  
<http://www.isbe.state.il.us/>

Indiana Department of Education  
<http://www.doe.state.in.us/>

Iowa Department of Education  
<http://www.state.ia.us/educate/>

Kansas Department of Education  
<http://www.ksbe.state.ks.us/Welcome.html>

Kentucky Department of Education  
<http://www.kde.state.ky.us/>

Louisiana Department of Education  
<http://www.doe.state.la.us/DOE/asps/home.asp>

Maine Department of Education  
<http://www.state.me.us/education/homepage.htm>

Maryland Department of Education  
<http://www.msde.state.md.us/>

Massachusetts Department of Education  
<http://www.doe.mass.edu/>

Michigan Department of Education  
<http://www.mde.state.mi.us/>

Minnesota Department of Education  
<http://cfl.state.mn.us/>

Mississippi Department of Education  
<http://www.mde.k12.ms.us/>

Missouri Department of Education  
<http://www.dese.state.mo.us/>

Montana Department of Education  
<http://www.metnet.state.mt.us/>

Nebraska Department of Education  
<http://www.nde.state.ne.us/>

Nevada Department of Education  
<http://www.nde.state.nv.us/>

New Hampshire Department of Education  
<http://www.ed.state.nh.us/>

New Jersey Department of Education  
<http://www.state.nj.us/education/>

New Mexico Department of Education  
<http://sde.state.nm.us/>

New York Department of Education  
<http://www.nysed.gov/>

North Carolina Department of Education  
<http://www.dpi.state.nc.us/>

North Dakota Department of Education  
<http://www.dpi.state.nd.us/>

Ohio Department of Education  
<http://www.ode.state.oh.us/>

Oklahoma Department of Education  
<http://sde.state.ok.us/home/defaultie.html>

Oregon Department of Education  
<http://www.ode.state.or.us/>

Pennsylvania Department of Education  
<http://www.pde.psu.edu/>

Rhode Island Department of Education  
<http://www.ridoe.net/>

South Carolina Department of Education  
<http://www.sde.state.sc.us/>

South Dakota Department of Education  
<http://www.state.sd.us/deca/>

Tennessee Department of Education  
<http://www.state.tn.us/education/>

Texas Department of Education  
<http://www.tea.state.tx.us/>

Utah Department of Education  
<http://www.usoe.k12.ut.us/>

Vermont Department of Education  
<http://www.state.vt.us/educ/>

Virginia Department of Education  
<http://www.pen.k12.va.us/go/VDOE/>

Washington Department of Education  
<http://www.k12.wa.us/>

Washington, D.C. Department of Education  
<http://www.k12.dc.us/dcps/home.html>

West Virginia Department of Education  
<http://wvde.state.wv.us/>

Wisconsin Department of Education  
<http://www.dpi.state.wi.us/>

Wyoming State Board of Education  
<http://www.k12.wy.us/wdehome.html>

## Foundation Grant Opportunities

There are approximately 70,000 foundations in the U.S. with total assets of over \$300 billion. These foundations by law must distribute 5% of their assets each year, which is in excess of \$14 billion. Private, community, and corporate foundations can be a great source of funding for assistive technology. Since there are so many foundations, you will need to do some research to determine the best foundations to target in your search for funding. Many foundations only provide grants for certain types of projects and many focus on particular regional areas as well. You will need to find foundations that are interested in providing educational and assistive technology grants in your area.

The Foundation Center provides an on-line directory of over 70,000 foundations available for a monthly subscription charge.

<http://www.fdncenter.org>

The Foundation Center directory is also available on CD in selected libraries in most states for use without charge.

<http://fdncenter.org/collections/>

## Selected Foundations

Adobe Systems  
<http://www.adobe.com/aboutadobe/philanthropy/main.html>

Annenberg Foundation  
[www.whannenber.org](http://www.whannenber.org)

AOL Time Warner Foundation

[www.aoltwf.org/grants/grants.html](http://www.aoltwf.org/grants/grants.html)

Bank of America Literacy Programs

<http://www.bankofamerica.com/foundation>

Bayer

<http://www.bayerus.com/about/community/index.html>

Coca-Cola Foundation

[http://www2.coca-cola.com/citizenship/foundation\\_coke.html](http://www2.coca-cola.com/citizenship/foundation_coke.html)

Corning Foundation Grants

[www.corning.com/employment/quality\\_of\\_life/foundation.html](http://www.corning.com/employment/quality_of_life/foundation.html)

Ewing Marion Kauffman Foundation

<http://www.emkf.org/corporate/funding.cfm>

Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation

<http://www.gatesfoundation.org/>

Fidelity Investments Reading is Fundamental (RIF)

[http://personal.fidelity.com/myfidelity/InsideFidelity/FidelityCares/FidCares\\_investing.html](http://personal.fidelity.com/myfidelity/InsideFidelity/FidelityCares/FidCares_investing.html)

The Heinz Endowments - Technology for Learning

<http://www.heinz.org/index.asp?loc=E,E4,E4a>

IBM Corporation

<http://www.ibm.com/ibm/ibmgives/grant/grantapp.shtml>

Intel Model School Program

[www.intel.com/modelschool/](http://www.intel.com/modelschool/)

Honda

<http://www.honda.com/>

Paul Newman's Own Education Projects

[www.newmansown.com](http://www.newmansown.com)

Schwab Family Foundation, Helen and Charles (CA)

<http://www.schwabfoundation.org/>

Starbucks Foundation Literacy

[www.starbucks.com/aboutus/grantinfo.asp](http://www.starbucks.com/aboutus/grantinfo.asp)

The Edward E. Ford Foundation  
[www.eeford.org](http://www.eeford.org)

United Parcel Service (UPS)  
<http://www.community.ups.com/>

### **Community Foundations**

[http://fdncenter.org/funders/grantmaker/gws\\_comm/comm.html](http://fdncenter.org/funders/grantmaker/gws_comm/comm.html)

Community foundations are an excellent source of funding for smaller sized grants. Community foundations provide regional funding. Visit the link above to see what community foundations support non-profit activities in your state or city.

California Community Foundation  
<http://www.calfund.org/>

Communities Foundation of Texas  
<http://www.cftexas.org/>

The Boston Foundation  
<http://www.tbf.org/>

## **Other Resources**

### **Organizations: Learning Disabilities**

National Center for Learning Disabilities  
<http://www.nclld.org/>

The International Dyslexia Association (IDA)  
<http://www.interdys.org/index.jsp>

The Learning Disabilities Association of America  
<http://www.ldanatl.org/>

Learning Disabilities Association of Massachusetts  
<http://www.ldam.org/>

Council for Exceptional Children (CEC)  
<http://www.cec.sped.org/>

### **Online Grant Proposal Information**

Online Sample Grant Proposals  
<http://www.fdncenter.org/learn/faqs/propsample.html>

The Foundation Center

<http://fdncenter.org>

SchoolGrants PK-12 School Grant Resource

<http://www.schoolgrants.org>

eSchool News Grant Information

<http://www.eschoolnews.com/resources/funding>

Fundsnet

<http://www.fundsnet.com>